What does the city's form actually mean to the people who live there? What can the city planner do to make the city's image more vivid and memorable to the city dweller? To answer these questions, Mr. Lynch, supported by studies of Los Angeles, Boston, and Jersey City, formulates a new criterion -- imageability -- and shows its potential value as a guide for the building and rebuilding of cities. The wide scope of this study leads to an original and vital method for the evaluation of city form. The architect, the planner, and certainly the city dweller will all want to read this book.

**Book Information**

Paperback: 194 pages  
Publisher: The MIT Press; 1St Edition edition (1960)  
Language: English  
ISBN-10: 0262620014  
Product Dimensions: 5.2 x 0.4 x 8 inches  
Shipping Weight: 8 ounces (View shipping rates and policies)  
Average Customer Review: 4.3 out of 5 stars – See all reviews (29 customer reviews)  
Best Sellers Rank: #26,760 in Books (See Top 100 in Books) #9 in Arts & Photography > Architecture > Urban & Land Use Planning #24 in Books > Arts & Photography > Architecture > Buildings #31 in Books > Textbooks > Humanities > Architecture

**Customer Reviews**

Reading Kevin Lynch is like getting a new pair of glasses. Nothing has actually changed in your surroundings, but you see things differently. Legibility, or readability, is an important part of navigating the city landscape. To study this "we must consider not just the city as a thing in itself, but the city being perceived by its inhabitants" (Lynch 3). The city is a constantly growing experience. As you move through a city you are experiencing things in an expanding way. "At every instant, there is more than the eye can see, more than the ear can hear, a setting or a view waiting to be explored. Nothing is experienced by itself, but always in relation to its surroundings, the sequences of events leading up to it, the memory of past experiences"(Lynch 1). There is always something more to add to how you experience the city. These memories and experiences of a city become meaningful to the people who live there. To Lynch, visual quality of a city and the mental images associated with it are of upmost importance when studying the urban landscape. A city can be considered a very important and powerful symbol of a society. In The Image of the City Lynch
explores the cities of Boston, Jersey City and Los Angeles revealing the knowledge of the inhabitants and how they view their city. When asked to describe a city, any person would say that a city is a collection of "streets, buildings, sidewalks, bridges," but Lynch prefers to describe the city as an interrelated connection of paths, edges, districts, nodes and landmarks. Paths are the channels through which the observer moves and that constitute the predominant element in their image, whereas edges are linear elements that are not paths- they are lateral references, sometimes boundaries.

Download to continue reading...


Dmca